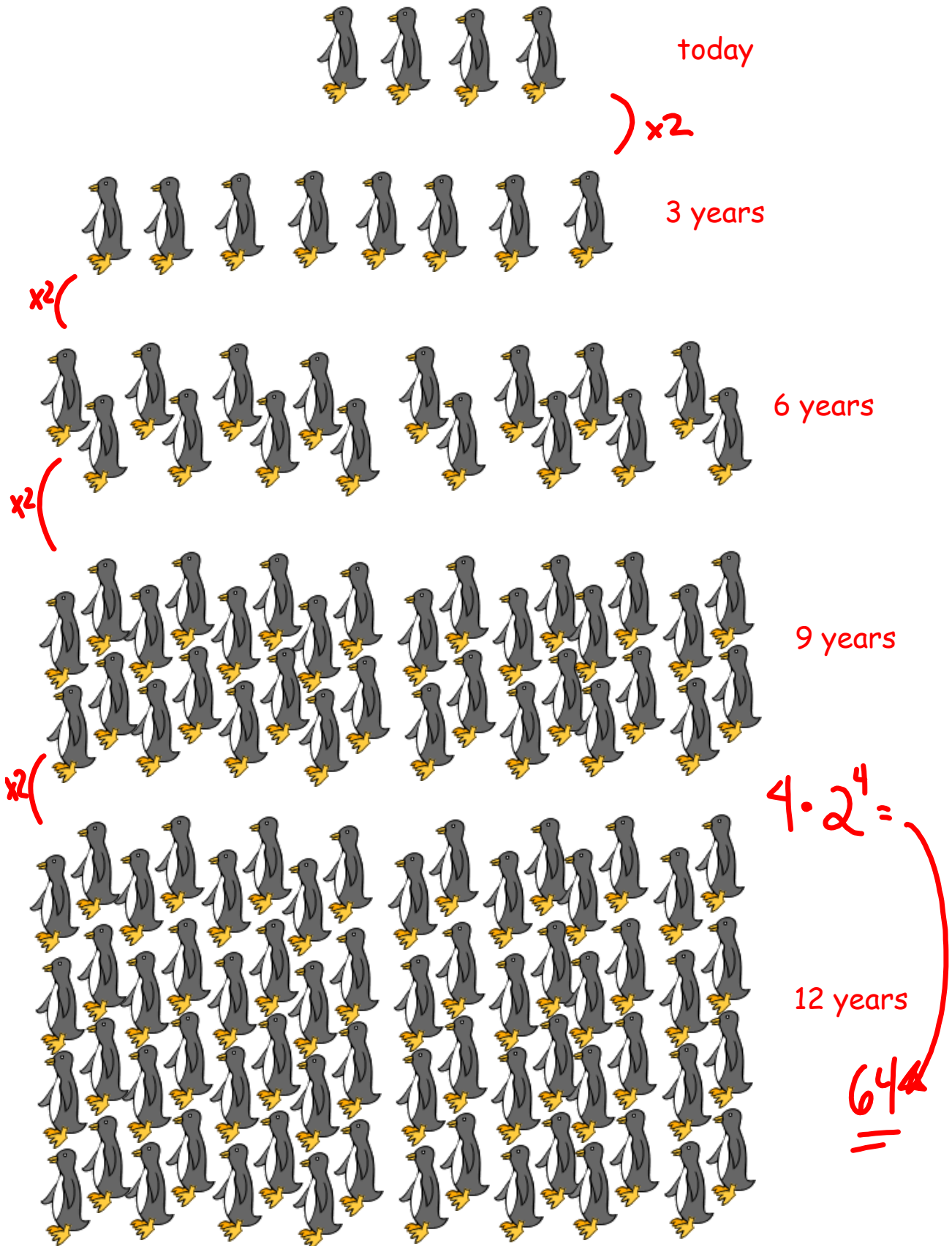


Exponential Function

A population of penguins doubles every 3 years.
If a zoo starts with 4 penguins, then how many penguins will they have in 12 years?



We started with 4.
That doubled to 8;
then doubled to 16;
then doubled to 32;
then doubled to 64.

This is an example of an exponential function.

$$f(x) = a(\text{base})^x \text{ or } f(x) = ac^x$$

There are 3 parts to an exponential function.

We call them (usually)...

1) start

2) keep

3) time

- Start is the value you have at the beginning.
- Keep is how much of the original amount you have (as a percent) after each time period.

When the amount gets bigger (growth), the keep value is usually $(1 + \text{rate of growth})$.

When the amount gets smaller (decay), the keep value is usually $(1 - \text{rate of decay})$.

*** Rate must be converted to a decimal

*** If the value doubles or triples, then the keep is 2 or 3, etc.

- Time is the number of periods that take place (for example: hours, days, months or years)

Example:

My painting is worth \$5200. It grows appreciates at an annual rate of 4%. What will it be worth in 5 years?

use $y = ac^x$

start (a) = 5200 this is the value now

base (c) = $1 + 0.04 = 1.04$

time (x) = 5

$y = \text{value}$

$\boxed{\wedge}$

$5200 \times 1.04 \boxed{\wedge} 5$

$\boxed{x^y}$

$\boxed{y^x}$

$y = 5200(1.04)^5$
 $y = \underline{\underline{\$6326.60}}$

Example: A couple invests \$5 000 for their ^{going} grand-child's education. It will earn 5% interest each year. What will the investment be worth in 17 years ?

use $y = ac^x$

$$\text{start} = a = 5000$$

$$\text{keep} = c = 1 + 0.05 = 1.05$$

$$\text{time} = x = 17$$

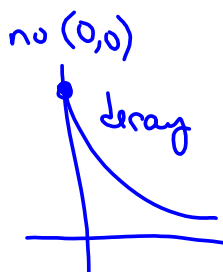
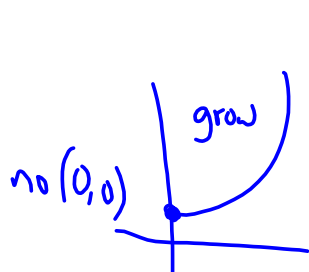
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{start} = a = 5000 \\ \text{keep} = c = 1 + 0.05 = 1.05 \\ \text{time} = x = 17 \end{array} \right\} y = 5000(1.05)^{17} \\ = \$11\,460.09$$

Example: Shania buys a \$24780 car. It depreciates ^{goes down} by 12% per year. What will it be worth in 6 years?



$$\begin{aligned} \text{start} = a &= 24\,780 \\ \text{keep} = c &= 1 - 0.12 = .88 \\ x = \text{time} &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 24\,780 (.88)^6 = \$11\,507.93$$



Example: Karl bought a car 4 years ago. It has depreciated at a rate of 5% each year since then. Today it is worth \$26 064.20. How much did Karl pay for the car 4 years ago ?

$$y = 26\,064.20$$

$$c = 1 - 0.05 = 0.95$$

$$x = 4$$

$$a = \underline{\quad ? \quad}$$

$$y = ac^x$$

$$26\,064.20 = a(.95)^4$$

$$26\,064.20 = 0.8145a$$

$$\frac{26\,064.20}{0.8145} = a$$

$$32\,000 = a$$

Example: A strain of bacteria triples every hour. If there are 50 bacteria in the lab now, then how long will it take for the culture to grow to 10 000 bacteria ?

use $y = ac^x$

$$10\,000 = 50(3)^x$$

guess & check

$$200 = 3^x$$

$$a = 50$$

$$c = 3$$

$$x = ?$$

$$y = 10\,000$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 4.84 \\ y &= 10,191 \\ x &= 4.83 \\ y &= \underline{\underline{10\,050}} \end{aligned}$$

hour
↓

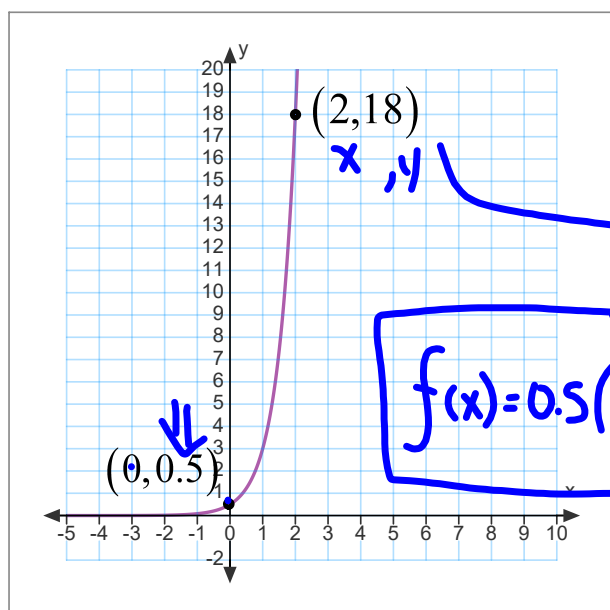
X	Y
10	2 952 450
5	12 150
4	4 050
4.5	7 014.81
4.8	9 753.31
4.9	10 885.9
4.85	10 304.05

Finding the Rule

1) Given the initial value and a point.

Example:

↓
start
y-int



Use the form $f(x) = ac^x$

$$\Rightarrow a = 0.5$$

$$c = \text{base} = ?$$

plugin

$$y = ac^x$$

$$18 = 0.5c^2$$

$$\div 0.5 \quad \div 0.5$$

$$36 = c^2$$

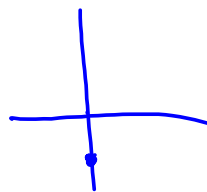
$$6 = \sqrt{36} = c$$

Example:

Find the rule

X	Y
-2	-20
-1	-10
0	-5
1	-2.5
2	-1.25

y-int



$$y = ac^x$$

\uparrow Initial value \Rightarrow y-int
 \uparrow find

$a = -5$
(1, -2.5)

$5^1 = 5$
 $\frac{1000000^1}{1000000} = 1$

$$-2.5 = -5c^1$$

$$-2.5 = -5c$$

$$\div -5 \quad \div -5$$

$$0.5 = c$$

$$-1.25 = -5c^2$$

$$0.25 = c^2$$

$$\sqrt{0.25} = c$$

$$0.5 = c$$

$$y = -5(0.5)^x$$