

Example: $(-2a^3 - 10 + 16a + 39a^2 - 15a^4) \div (2 - 4a - 5a^2)$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3a^2 - 2a - 5 \\
 \hline
 -5a^2 - 4a + 2 \overline{) -15a^4 - 2a^3 + 39a^2 + 16a - 10} \\
 \underline{-(-15a^4 - 12a^3 + 6a^2)} \\
 10a^3 + 33a^2 + 16a \\
 \underline{-(10a^3 + 8a^2 - 4a)} \\
 25a^2 + 20a - 10 \\
 \underline{-(25a^2 + 20a - 10)} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

The area of a rectangle is given as $\underbrace{x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x - 12}_{\text{Area}}$.

If the width is $\underbrace{x+4}_{\text{width}}$, determine the expression that represents the length.

$$\therefore A \div w = L$$

$$\underline{A} = L \times \underline{w}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - 3 \\ x+4 \overline{) x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x - 12} \\ \underline{-(x^3 + 4x^2)} \\ -3x - 12 \\ \underline{-(-3x - 12)} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Ans: Length is $(x^2 - 3)$

height
 $3x+2$

Area = $3x^2 + 11x + 6$

$2 \cdot \text{Area} = 6x^2 + 22x + 12$

base?

$A = \frac{b \cdot h}{2} = \frac{1}{2}bh$

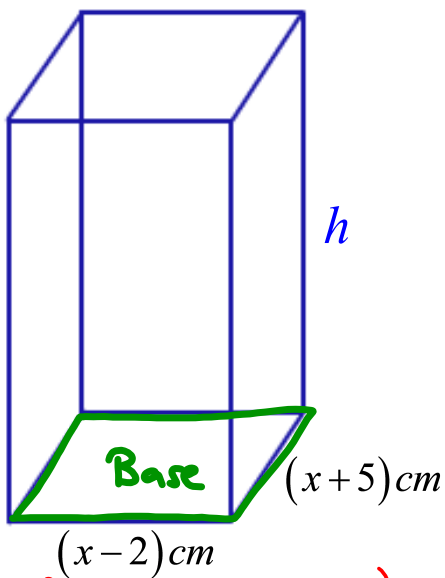
$2A = \frac{bh}{\cancel{2}} \cdot 2$

$\frac{2A}{h} = \frac{b \cdot \cancel{h}}{h}$

$\frac{2A}{h} = b$

Base is $(2x+6)$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2x + 6 \\
 3x+2 \overline{) 6x^2 + 22x + 12} \\
 \underline{-(6x^2 + 4x)} \\
 18x + 12 \\
 \underline{-(18x + 12)} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$



The volume of this prism is $(x^3 + 10x^2 + 11x - 70) \text{ cm}^3$. What expression could represent its height?

$$V = A_b \cdot h$$

$$A_b = L \cdot W$$

calculate

$$A_b = (x-2)(x+5)$$

$$= x^2 + 5x - 2x - 10$$

$$= x^2 + 3x - 10$$

$$h = \frac{V}{A_b}$$

$$h = \overbrace{x^2 + 3x - 10} \overbrace{) x^3 + 10x^2 + 11x - 70}$$

