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1. **a)**  $(2a + 7)(3x - 4)$       **b)**  $(9x - 2)(4y - 1)$       **c)**  $(x^2 + 1)(x + 1)$   
**d)**  $(5a + 6)(3ab + 4)$       **e)**  $(x + y)(ay - x)$       **f)**  $(2a + 5b)(2ab - 4)$
2. Factoring  $20 - 4x + 5y - xy$  by grouping,  $(4 + y)(5 - x)$  is obtained.  
This expression must be interpreted by keeping in mind the context to conclude that Jason rented 4 movies at \$5 each.
3. **a)** -5 and 6.      **b)** -12 and -4.      **c)** -12 and 2.  
**d)** 8 and 4.      **e)** -6 and 6.      **f)**  $\frac{9}{2}$  and -4.
4. **a)**  $(x + 4)(12x + 1)$       **b)** Impossible.      **c)**  $(2x - 3)(5x + 1)$   
**d)**  $(x + 4)(6x - 1)$       **e)**  $(8x - 3)(5x - 2)$       **f)**  $(5x + 3)(2x - 3)$   
**g)**  $(4x - 5)^2$       **h)**  $(5x - 8)(5x - 2)$       **i)**  $(4x + 3)(6x - 5)$
5. **a)**  $(3x + 2)(x + 5)$       **b)**  $(3x + 10)(x + 1)$       **c)**  $(3x - 2)(x + 5)$   
**d)**  $(3x + 10)(x - 1)$       **e)**  $(3x - 5)(x + 2)$       **f)**  $(3x - 5)(x - 2)$   
**g)**  $(3x + 2)(x - 5)$       **h)**  $(3x + 1)(x - 10)$       **i)**  $(3x - 1)(x - 10)$

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6. **a)**  $(x + 8)(x - 4)$   
**b)**  $(x - 5)(x - 2)$   
**c)**  $(x + 6)(3x - 2)$   
**d)**  $(2x + 1)^2$   
**e)**  $(4x + 1)(x - 4)$   
**f)**  $(6x - 1)(x - 1)$   
**g)**  $(3x + 4)(2x + 3)$   
**h)**  $(5x + 3)(2x - 1)$   
**i)**  $(6x + 5)(2x - 3)$

**7. a)**  $(2x - 1)(3x - 2)$

- b)** The expression that could represent the height is  $3x - 2$ . *Several approaches possible. Example:* The area of the trapezoid is determined by using the formula  $A = \frac{(b + B)h}{2}$ .

Knowing that the height is equal to the length of the big base  $B$  and the small base  $b$  measures  $x$ , one can state  $(h + x)h = 2A$   
 $= 2(2x - 1)(3x - 2)$   
 $= (4x - 2)(3x - 2)$ .

One can establish that the two factors on the left have a difference of  $x$ , and the same also goes for the two factors on the right. The equality would be true if  $h = 3x - 2$ .

**8. a)**  $(4x - 21)(x - 1)$

**d)**  $(x^2 + 5)(x - 4)$

**g)**  $(-5x + 1)(3x + 2)$

**j)**  $(8x + 5)(2x + 5)$

**m)**  $(4x^2 - 5)(4x^2 + 5)$

**p)**  $(5xy + 1)(xy + 3)$

**b)**  $(2x - 5)(2x + 5)$

**e)**  $(5x + 2)(x - 3)$

**h)**  $(3x - 2)(2x + 5)$

**k)**  $(4x - 5)^2$

**n)**  $(3x - y)(x - 8y)$

**q)**  $(7xy^2 - 3)^2$

**c)**  $(2x - 5)^2$

**f)**  $(4x - 1)(3x + 2)$

**i)**  $2x(3x - 5)$

**l)**  $(8x^2 + 5)(2x + 5)$

**o)**  $7xy(7x - 6y)$

**r)**  $(3xy - 2)(2x - 3y)$

- 9. a)** The surface area of the box is the sum of the area of its 6 sides, and this area must be  $1720 \text{ cm}^2$ . Therefore:

$$2x(x + 1) + 2x(x + 5) + 2(x + 1)(x + 5) = 1720$$

$$2x^2 + 2x + 2x^2 + 10x + 2x^2 + 12x + 10 = 1720$$

$$6x^2 + 24x + 10 = 1720$$

$$6x^2 + 24x - 1710 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 285 = 0$$

- b)** The solution for  $x^2 + 4x - 285 = 0$  is  $x = 15$  or  $x = -19$ .

The value of  $x$  must be positive since it represents the height of the box; it is therefore 15. By evaluating the other expressions using  $x = 15$ , the other dimensions of the box are found. It therefore measures 15 cm by 16 cm by 20 cm.